## Principles, Goals And Guidelines, and Messages

**Principles:** Principles are the reason for and foundations surrounding a program. Find below some examples of Principles:

#### **Sample Principles:**

- **1)** Honest and fair elections are the foundation of democracy and inspire public trust in government.
- **2)** Voters are smart and will make the best choices if they are engaged in the process and offered the tools to consider information.
- **3)** Each voter has different ideology, and should be offered the tools to consider candidates based on their personal morals.
- **4)** Full implementation of the spirit of Santa Clara's Vote Ethics Program is a key factor in engaging the public and keeping candidates honest.
- **5)** Transparency in government is important and leads to accountability and a higher caliber of public service.
- **6)** Educated voters make better informed decisions.
- **7)** Ethics in elections create voter empowerment.
- **8)** Transparency and voter engagement will discourage candidates interested in personal gain over public service.
- **9)** Limiting campaign contributions and full disclosure of contributors will lessen the influence of special interest money in government.

<b>10)</b> Others?	 		 
11)			
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**Goals and Guidelines:** Goals and guidelines are the measurable results and process oriented rules surrounding a project.

#### **Sample Goals & Guidelines:**

- **1) Voter Registration:** Voter registration opportunities should be accessible for all parts of the community.
- 2) **Educated Voter Turnout:** Foster educated turnout, not just higher turnout.
- **3) Voter Savvy:** Information from the City should help voters to become more educated, make it easy for them to engage and provide the tools to make thoughtful judgments about candidates.
- **4) Unbiased:** Information from the City must always be unbiased. It should never tell voters "who" to vote for, either by direct mention or by inference.
- **5) Bridge the Voter Gap:** Overcome voter apathy by engaging people who have been traditionally left out of direct mail and political campaigns.
- **6) School Involvement:** Partner with schools to nurture future voters to increase knowledge and register to vote.
- **7) Minority Languages:** Engage minority populations through multilingual and culturally conscious program elements.
- **8) Criticism:** It is Okay for candidates to be critical of each other, so long as the criticism is true and in context.

9) Others?						
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**Messages:** Messages are the content expressed and promoted by the program.

#### Sample Messages:

The primary messages were focused to help voters more effectively research candidates and better assess the truthfulness of candidates.

#### 1) Avenues to more effectively research a candidate's ideology.

- Smart Voter website (other websites?)
- Community forums
- Candidate websites
- Direct mail
- Advertisements (cable, TV, print)
- Newspaper articles
- Directly from candidates
- There are no dumb political questions

### 2) Avenues to more effectively research a candidate's fundraising.

- Campaign disclosure forms at City and at County
- Online resources for viewing forms
- Third party research (websites?)

#### 3) Avenues to more effectively interpret direct mail.

- Direct mail from candidates
- "Small Print" indicates who paid for it
- What is a "slate card?"
- What are "independent expenditures?"
- Critical mail vs. misleading "hit piece"

#### 4) The best practices outlined in the City's Code of Ethics.

• Refer to your Code of Ethics

#### 5) It is every voter's personal responsibility to be involved.

- Register to vote ... where?
- What day is Election Day?
- Your right to time-off to vote
- Vote by mail
- Voting allows you a say in your destiny

6) Others?	 	 		
7)				

#### **Free and Paid Mediums**

**Free Mediums:** These are resources that the City has either already programmed or budgeted for, and that can be arranged free of charge.

#### **Sample Free Mediums:**

1) Printed Media (Y/N)

Example: Pitch story to your local newspaper or write Op Ed.

2) Radio (Y/N)

Example: Public Service Announcement or news coverage at your local radio station.

3) Unique Community Resources (Y/N)

Example: Highway 101 electronic reader board in Santa Clara (free for City to use).

4) Online Resources and Social Media (Y/N)

Example: Create and host a website using your own internal team, such as santaclaracampaigndollars.org, or make postings on existing message boards, forums, websites, twitter, Facebook, etc.

5) Community Outreach (Y/N)

Example: Make presentations at Rotary, Kiwanis, homeowners associations, etc., or have a booth at the farmers market.

6) Volunteer Efforts (Y/N)

Example: Use volunteers to go door to door, set up coffees and get the word out.

7) Community Groups (Y/N)

Example: Partner with community service groups to use "word of mouth," be included in newsletters, etc.

8) Forums and Town Hall Meetings (Y/N)

Example: Offer facility for community groups to host Forums, consider televising forum(s) on city cable channel.

9) Polling Places and Voter Registration (Y/N)

Example: Work with ROV to identify best polling locations, distribute voter reg. cards at community events and City facilities.

10) Ethics and Finance Training (Y/N)

Examples: Host FPPC Workshop for Candidates and Treasurers, E-Filing training and other sessions as appropriate.

<b>11) Others?</b>	 	 	
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12)			
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**Paid Mediums:** These are resources not traditionally paid for by the City, they would require additional budgeting specifically for those programs.

#### **Sample Paid Mediums:**

1) Direct Mail (Y/N)

Example: Brochures, post cards and other collateral material mailed to voters

#### 2) City Collateral (Y/N)

Example: City newsletter or newspaper, utility bill inserts, city calendar and other.

#### 3) Advertisements (Y/N)

Example: Pay for advertising on TV, cable TV, radio, newspapers, movie theaters and other.

#### 4) Street Banners (Y/N)

Example: Have a banner made with appropriate slogan, displays it on Main Street.

#### 5) Mobile and Large Scale Advertisements (Y/N)

Example: Airplane banner, buss wrap, building wrap, or other use of the slogan.

#### 6) Video News Briefs (Y/N)

Example: Aired on the City's Cable Channel 15 and on the City's website

#### 7) Tchotchkes (Y/N)

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# **Ethics Program Worksheet Building Your Own Program**

Princi	ples: Principles are the reason for and foundations surrounding a
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a Your Cit	and Guidelines: Goals and guidelines are the measurable results and process oriented rules surrounding a project.  By's Goals and Guidelines:
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<b>Paid Mediums:</b> These are resources not traditionally paid for by the City, they would require additional budgeting specifically for those programs.
Your City's Paid Mediums:
1)
2)
3)
4)
5)
<ul><li>Putting It Together: What steps would be necessary to propose and implement good government programs in your own town?</li><li>1) How will you build internal support?</li></ul>
2) How will you build community support?
3) At what level do you hope the program will be funded?
4) What other steps will be necessary for your City?